

# Physics 475: Assignment #2

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Due: Feb. 11, 2011

1. Foot 2.1(a) (5 points)
2. Foot 2.3 (10 points)
3. Calculate the  $E_{s-o}$  from equation 2.54 and 2.55 for the  $n = 2 \ell = 1$  levels of hydrogen. Give the answer in eV and in  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . Please use spectroscopic notation to properly label the levels. What is the spin-orbit energy shift for the  $n = 2 \ell = 0$  state? (don't just blindly follow formulas!) (10 points)
4. The book seems scared to mention the rest of the relativistic corrections to you but I'm not! The relativistic mass correction is:

$$\Delta E_{\text{mass}} = \left\langle n\ell m_\ell m_s \left| -\frac{p^4}{8m^3c^2} \right| n\ell m_\ell m_s \right\rangle = |E_n| \frac{\alpha^2}{n^2} \left[ \frac{3}{4} - \frac{n}{\ell + 1/2} \right] \quad (1)$$

and the Darwin term

$$\Delta E_{\text{Darwin}} = \left\langle n\ell m_\ell m_s \left| \frac{\pi\hbar^2}{2m^2c^2} \left( \frac{e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \right) \delta(\vec{r}) \right| n\ell m_\ell m_s \right\rangle \quad (2)$$

The Darwin term is only non-zero for  $\ell = 0$ . Calculate the Darwin term matrix element for  $n = 2$  and  $\ell = 0$  and use the worked-out expression for the relativistic mass correction in equation 1 to verify the claim in the text that after all relativistic corrections the  $2^2S_{1/2}$  and  $2^2P_{1/2}$  levels are degenerate. You will need information from the previous question as well. (10 points) (FYI: to apply these formulas for  $Z \neq 1$  substitute in  $Ze^2$  or  $Z\alpha$ .)

The  $\delta(\vec{r})$  function is not the same as  $\delta(r)$ . There are various mathematical details since you can represent  $\delta(\vec{r})$  as the divergence of  $\hat{r}/(4\pi r^2)$  and switch to a surface integral but all you need to know is that if you have  $f(\vec{r})$  then

$$\int d^3r f(\vec{r})\delta(\vec{r}) = f(\vec{r} = \vec{0}) \quad (3)$$

You don't need to switch to spherical polar coordinates.