#### Chapter 1. Basic concepts of thermodynamics

Important topics and terminology:

system	surroundings	the universe (system + surroundings)
work w	heat q	thermodynamic temperature $T$
macroscopic system	microscopic system	isolated system
closed system	open system	adiabatic system
thermal equilibrium	mechanical equilibrium	chemical equilibrium
system variables	intensive variables $(T, p, V_m,)$	extensive variables $(m, V,)$
ideal gas	molar gas constant R	ideal gas law $pV = nRT$ , $pV_m = RT$
ideal gas thermometer	real gases	equation of state
van der Waals gas law	virial equation	compression factor $Z = pV_{\rm m}/RT$

#### Chapter 2. Heat, work, internal energy and the First Law of thermodynamics

Important topics and terminology:

adiabatic process $(q = 0)$	internal energy U	First Law $\Delta U = q + w$
cyclic process	reversible process	irreversible process
isothermal process ( $\Delta T = 0$ )	isobaric process ( $\Delta p = 0$ )	adiabatic process ( $q = 0$ )
path function	state function	exact differential
test for an exact differential	expansion/compression work	indicator diagram
enthalpy $H = U + pV$	heat capacities $C_p$ , $C_V$	molar heat capacities $C_{pm}$ , $C_{Vm}$
isotherm	adiabat	isenthalp

#### Chapter 3. The importance of state functions. The internal energy and the enthalpy

Important topics and terminology:cyclic ruleordinary derivativespartial derivativescyclic ruleinternal pressurethermal expansion coefficient  $\beta$ isothermal compressibility  $\kappa$ Joule-Thomson experimentJoule Thomson coefficientgas liquefaction

## Chapter 4. Thermochemistry

### Important topics and terminology:

bomb calorimeter	constant pressure calorimeter	enthalpy of reaction
standard state	standard enthalpy of formation	standard enthalpy of reaction
enthalpy of fusion	endothermic	exothermic
adiabatic flame temperature		

## Chapter 5. Entropy and the Second Law of Thermodynamics

Important topics and terminology:

heat engine	Carnot cycle	Carnot efficiency
entropy	Clausius inequality	Second Law of thermodynamics
Third Law of thermodynamics	reversible process	irreversible process
spontaneous processes	refrigerator	heat pump

## Chapter 6. Chemical Equilibrium

### Important topics and terminology:

Helmholtz energy	Gibbs energy	chemical potential
Gibbs energy of mixing	entropy of mixing	criteria for spontaneous processes
Maxwell relations	van't Hoff equation	$\mathrm{d}U = T\mathrm{d}S - p\mathrm{d}V$
$\mathrm{d}H = T\mathrm{d}S + V\mathrm{d}p$	$\mathrm{d}G = -S\mathrm{d}T + V\mathrm{d}p$	$\mathrm{d}A = -S\mathrm{d}T - p\mathrm{d}V$
extent of reaction	reaction quotient $Q$	reaction equilibrium constant K
homogenous equilibrium	heterogenous equilibrium	Gibbs-Helmholtz equation

### **Chapter 7.** Properties of Real Gases

Important topics and terminology:		
compression factor $Z = pV_{\rm m}/RT$	van der Waals equation of state	van der Waals a and b coefficients
critical point	critical constants	reduced p, V, T
Maxwell construction	law of corresponding states	Boyle temperature

vapor pressure

virial equation of state

supercritical fluid

# Chapter 8. Phase Equilibrium and Surfaces

Important topics and terminology:

boiling point diagram	vapor pressure diagram	coexistence curves
vaporization	sublimation	fusion
critical point	triple point	degrees of freedom
phase rule	Clapeyron equation	Clausius-Clapeyron equation
surface tension	capillary rise	Laplace equation
supercooling	superheating	nucleation